

Eight-Channel Low Pass Filter Signal Conditioning Plug-on VT1502A

User's Manual

The VT1502A manual also applies to Agilent/HP E1413Bs as Agilent/HP E1413 Option 12.

Enclosed is the User's Manual for the VT1502A Signal Conditioning Plug-on. Insert this manual in your VT1413C or Agilent/HP E1313 manual behind the "Signal Conditioning Plug-ons" divider.



Copyright © VXI Technology, Inc., 2003

Manual Part Number: 82-0078-000 Printed: June16, 2003
Printed in U.S.A.

Eight-Channel Low Pass Filter Signal Conditioning Plug-on

Introduction

The VT1502A is a Signal Conditioning Plug-on that provides eight fixed low-pass filters with a 3 dB cutoff frequency of 7 Hz. Also provided is input over-voltage protection and open transducer detection on each channel.

About this Manual

This manual shows you how to control the Signal Conditioning Plug-on (SCP) using SCPI commands as well as Register-Based commands, and explains the capabilities of this SCP. Finally, it covers specifications for this SCP. The contents of this manual are:

•	Installation 3
•	Identifying the Plug-on
•	Connecting To The Terminal Module 4
•	Programming With SCPI Commands 6
•	Programming With Register Commands
•	Specifications

Installation

Installation for this Plug-on is common to several others and is covered in Chapters 1 and 2 of your VT1413C or Agilent/HP E1313A manual.

Identifying the Plug-on

You'll find the VXI Technology part number on the connector side of the SCP to the left of the serial number bar code. For the VT1502A, the part number is: VT1502A.

Connecting To The Terminal Module

This section shows how to make connections to the Terminal Module.

The SCP connections for the Terminal Modules are shown on the stick-on labels that came with the SCP. Use the appropriate label for the type of Terminal Module you have. The connections and appropriate stickers are as follows:

- For VT1413C and above Terminal Modules, use stickers for VT1502A SCPs. The connections are shown in Figure 1.
- For Agilent/HP E1313 Terminal Modules, use stickers for VT1502A SCPs. The connections are shown in Figures 2 and 3.
- For Agilent/HP E1413B and below Terminal Modules, use stickers for Aglent/HP E1413 Option 12 SCPs. The connections are shown in Figure 4.

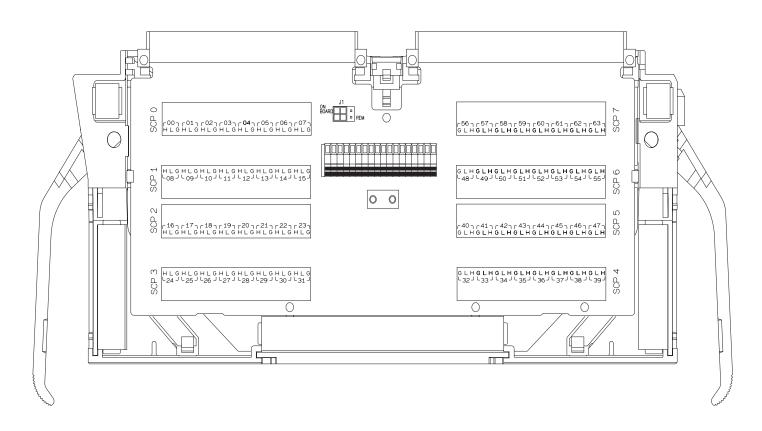


Figure 1 VT1502A C-Size Terminal Module Connections

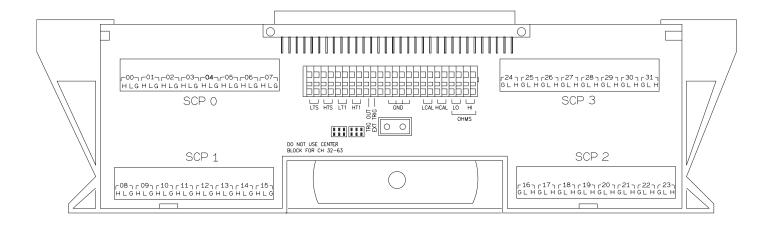


Figure 2 VT1502A B-size Terminal Module Connections (Ch 00-31)

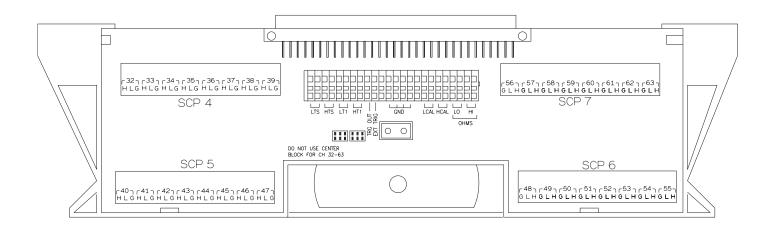


Figure 3 VT1502A B-size Terminal Module Connections (Ch 32-63)

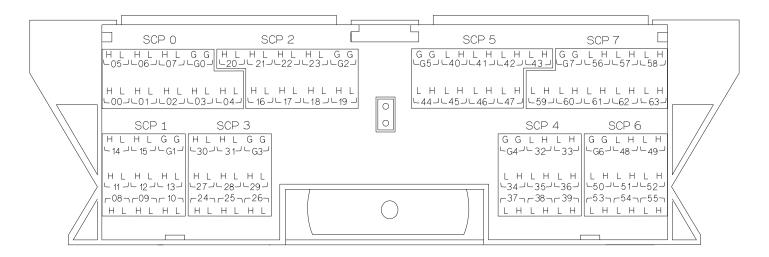


Figure 4 Agilent/HP E1413 Option 12 Terminal Module Connections

Programming With SCPI Commands

The SCPI commands shown here are covered in Chapters 3 and 5 of your VT1413C or Agilent/HP E1313 manual. This section will relate those commands to the parameter values which are specific to this Plug-on.

Checking the ID of the SCP

To verify the SCP type(s) installed on the VT1413C or Agilent/HP E1313 use the SYSTem:CTYPe? (@<channel>) command.

• The channel parameter specifies a single channel in the channel range covered by the SCP of interest. The first channel number for each of the eight SCP positions are; 0,8,16,24,32,40,48 and 56.

The value returned for the SCP in an Agilent/HP E1413B is: HEWLETT-PACKARD, E1413 Opt 12 8-Channel Fixed Filter SCP, 0, 0

The returned value for the SCP in a VT1413C and Agilent/HP E1313A is: HEWLETT-PACKARD, E1502 8-Channel Fixed Filter SCP, 0, 0

To determine the type of SCP installed on channels 0 through 7 send

SYST:CTYP? (@100) enter statement here

query SCP type @ ch 0

Querying the Filter **Cutoff Frequency**

While the Low Pass Filter SCP does not provide programmable cutoff frequency the filter frequency can be queried. The response to this query will always be 7. To query any channel for its cutoff frequency use the INPut:FILTer[:LPASs]:FREQuency? (@<channel>) command. The INP:FILT:FREQ? command returns the numeric cutoff value currently set for the channel specified.

• The channel parameter must specify a single channel.

To query the cutoff frequency of channel 6 send

INP:FILT:FREQ? (@106) enter statement here

query channel 6

Querying the **Filter State**

While the Low Pass Filter SCP does not allow controlling whether the filters are enabled or disabled, this state can be queried. The response to this query will always be 1. To query any channel to determine if it is enabled or disabled use the INPut:FILTer[:LPASs][:STATe]? (@<channel>) command. The INP:FILT? command returns a 0 if the channel is OFF or a 1 if the channel is ON.

• The channel parameter must specify a single channel.

To query the filter state of channel 2 send

INP:FILT? (@102) enter statement here

query channel 2

Querying the **Channel Gain**

While the Low Pass Filter SCP does not provide amplifiers, the channel gain can be queried. The response to this query will always be 1. To query any channel to determine its gain setting use the INPut:GAIN? (@<channel>) command. The INP:GAIN? command returns the current gain value for the specified channel.

• The channel parameter must specify a single channel.

To query the gain setting of channel 8 send

INP:GAIN? (@108) enter statement here query channel 8

Detecting Open Transducers

This SCP provides a method to detect open transducers. When Open Transducer Detect (OTD) is enabled, the SCP injects a small current into the HIGH and LOW input of each channel. The polarity of the current pulls the HIGH inputs toward +17 volts and the LOW inputs towards -17 volts. If a transducer is open, measuring that channel will return an over-voltage condition. OTD is available on a per SCP basic. all eight channels of an SCP are enabled or disabled together. See Figure 5 for a simplified schematic diagram of the OTD circuit.

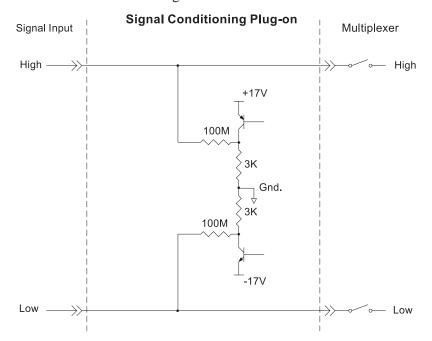


Figure 5 Open Transducer Detect Circuit

NOTES

- 1) When OTD is enabled, the inputs have up to $0.2 \mu A$ injected into them. If this current will adversely affect your measurement, but you still want to check for open transducers, you can enable OTD, make a single scan, check the CVT for bad measurements, then disable OTD and make your regular measurement scans. The specifications apply only when OTD is off.
- 2) Allow 5 minutes before checking for open transducers to allow filter capacitors to charge.

To enable or disable Open Transducer Detection, use the DIAGnostic:OTDetect <enable>, (@<ch list>) command.

- The enable parameter can specify ON or OFF
- An SCP is addressed when the ch_list parameter specifies a channel number contained on the SCP. The first channel on each SCP is: 0, 8, 16, 24, 32, 40, 48 and 56

To enable Open Transducer Detection on all channels on SCPs 1 and 3:

DIAG:OTD ON, (@100,116)

0 is on SCP 1 and 16 is on SCP3

To disable Open Transducer Detection on all channels on SCPs 1 and 3:

DIAG:OTD OFF, (@100,116)

Register Based Programming

The register-based commands shown here are covered in Appendix D of the VT1413C or Agilent/HP E1313 manual. You should read that section first to become familiar with accessing registers and executing Register-Based Commands. This section will relate those commands to the parameter values which are specific to this Plug-on.

When Register Programming an SCP most communication is through the Signal Conditioning Bus. For that you will use the Register Commands:

SCBWRITE <regaddr> <regvalue> and SCBREAD? <regaddr>

VT1502A Register Map

Read (returned value)	Write(<regvalue>)</regvalue>	SCP Register	<regaddr> Value</regaddr>
SCP ID (8080 ₁₆)		Whole SCP Reg 0	00ppp000000 ₂

ppp=Plug-on ccc=SCP channel

In addition you will access bits in the Card Control register to control Open Transducer Detection.

Checking ID of SCP

To query an SCP for its ID value, write the following value to Parameter Register 1:

 $(SCP\ number) \times 40_{16}$

Then write the opcode for SCBREAD? (0800₁₆) to the Command Register. The ID value will be written to the Query Response Register.

Detecting Open Transducers

Open Transducer Detection (OTD) is controlled by bits in the Card Control Register. For more information on OTD see Figure 1.

Card Control Register

(Base + 12_{16})

15	14	14-13	12	11	10-8	7-0
PSI Pwr Reset	FIFO Mode	unused	FIFO Clear	VPPEN	A24 Window	Open Transducer Detect

Writing a one (1) to a bit enables open transducer detect on that signal conditioning module. Writing a zero (0) to a bit disables open transducer detect.

Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
SCP 7	SCP 6	SCP 5	SCP 4	SCP 3	SCP 2	SCP 1	SCP 0

Specifications

These specifications for the VT1502A reflect the combined performance of the VT1413C or Agilent/HP E1313 and the VT1502A Signal Conditioning Plug-on. These specifications are not to be added to those presented in the VT1413C or Agilent/HP E1313 User's Manual.

General Specifications

Measurement ranges						
DC Volts	±62.5 mV to =	±16 V FS				
Temperature	Thermocouples200 to +1700°C Thermistors - (Opt 15 required) -80 to +160°C RTD's - (Opt 15 required) -200 to +850°C					
Resistance	(Opt 15 required) 128 Ω to 131 k Ω FS					
Strain	25,000 μ e or limit of linear range of strain gage					
Maximum input voltage (Normal mode plus common mode)	Operating: < ±16 V peak Damage level: >±42 V peak					
Maximum common mode voltage	Operating: < ±16 V peak Damage level: > ±42 V peak					
Normal mode rejection	@ 10 Hz -3 dB, @ 60 Hz >-25 dB					
Common mode rejection	0 - 60 Hz -100 dB					
Input impedance	100 MΩ±10% (each differential input to ground)					
Maximum tare cal offset	(Maximum tare offset depends on A/D range and SCP gain)					
	A/D range ±V F.Scale	16	4	1	0.25	0.0625
	Max Offset	3.2213	0.82101	0.23061	0.07581	0.03792

Measurement accuracy **DC** Volts

(90 days) 23°C±1°C (with *CAL? done after 1 hr warm up and CAL:ZERO? within 5 min.). If autoranging is ON, add $\pm 0.02\%$ FS to accuracy specifications. For E1313, multiply Noise Spec. by 1.4.

Range	Linearity	Offset Error	Noise	Noise*
±V FS	% of reading		3 sigma	3 sigma
0.0625	0.01%	7.2 μV	34 μV	15 μVV
0.25	0.01%	12.2 μV	60 μV	28 μV
1	0.01%	33 μV	110 μV	92 μV
4	0.01%	122 μV	450 μV	366 μV
16	0.01%	488 μV	1.8 μV	1.5 mV

* [SENSe:]FILTer[:LPASs][:STATe] ON (max scan rate - 100 rdgs/sec/channel)

Temperature Coefficients: Gain - 10 ppm/°C. Offset - $(0 - 30^{\circ}\text{C})$ no additional error, $(30 - 40^{\circ}\text{C})$ $0.1 \mu\text{V/°C}$, $(40 - 55^{\circ}C) 2.4 \mu V + 0.27 \mu V/^{\circ}C$

Measurement accuracy **Temperature**

(90 days) 23°C ±1°C (with *CAL? done after 1 hr warm up and CAL:ZERO? within 5 min.). If autoranging is ON, add ±0.02% FS to accuracy specifications.

(simplified specifications, see temperature accuracy graphs in VT1413C/ Agilent/HP E1313 manual for details)

The temperature accuracy specifications include instrument and firmware linearization errors. The linearization algorithm used is based on the IPTS-68(78) standard transducer curves. Add your transducer accuracy to determine total measurement error.

Thermocouples

_					
Type E	A/D Filter	-200 to 0°C	0 to 200°C	200 to 400°C	400 to 800°C
	OFF ON*	2.25°C 1.65°C	0.65°C 0.34°C	0.50°C 0.24°C	0.45°C 0.23°C
Type EEXtended	A/D Filter	-200 to 0°C	0 to 200°C	200 to 600°C	600 to 800°C
	OFF ON*	14.7°C 13.8°C	0.80°C 0.49°C	0.50°C 0.30°C	0.80°C 0.45°C
Type J	A/D Filter	-200 to 0°C	0 to 200°C	200 to 600°C	600 to 775°C
	OFF ON*	2.65°C 2.00°C	0.75°C 0.38°C	0.63°C 0.32°C	0.63°C 0.32°C
Type K	A/D Filter	-200 to 0°C	0 to 400°C	400 to 800°C	800 to 1400°C
	OFF ON*	4.30°C 3.35°C	0.90°C 0.50°C	0.85°C 0.40°C	1.10°C 0.52°C
Type R	A/D Filter	0 to 100°C	100 to 200°C	200 to 600°C	600 to 1000°C
	OFF ON*	6.90°C 3.80°C	5.00°C 2.60°C	4.00°C 1.95°C	3.10°C 1.70°C

^{* [}SENSe:]FILTer[:LPASs][:STATe] ON (max scan rate - 100 rdgs/sec/channel)

Measurement accuracy
Temperature (cont.)

(simplified specifications, see temperature accuracy graphs in VT1413C/ Agilent/HP E1313 manual for details)

Thermocouples (cont.)

Type S	A/D Filter	0 to 100°C	100 to 200°C	200 to 800°C	800 to 1750°C
	OFF	8.00°C	5.60°C	4.45°C	3.30°C
	ON*	5.20°C	3.25°C	2.40°C	1.60°C
Type T	A/D Filter	-200 to -100°C	-100 to 0°C	0 to 200°C	200 to 400°C
	OFF	3.40°C	1.90°C	0.90°C	0.70°C
	ON*	2.25°C	0.78°C	0.46°C	0.33°C

5 k Ω Reference Thermistor

A/D Filter	-10 to 65°C	65 to 85°C
OFF	0.011°C	0.021°C
ON*	0.0095°C	0.0115°C

100 Ω Reference RTD

A/D Filter	-125 to 75°C
OFF	0.75°C
ON*	0.36°C

100 Ω RTD

	A/D Filter	-200 to 75°C	75 to 300°C	300 to 600°C	600 to 970°C
	OFF ON*	0.19°C 0.11°C	0.37°C 0.21°C	0.43°C 0.36°C	0.53°C 0.46°C
stor					

2252 Ω Thermisto

	A/D Filter	0 to 30°C	30 to 70°C	70 to 80°C	80 to 100°C
	OFF ON*	0.012°C 0.010°C	0.013°C 0.012°C	0.014°C 0.010°C	0.024°C 0.014°C
5 kΩ Thermistor					

A/D Filter	0 to 30°C	30 to 70°C	70 to 85°C
OFF	0.014°C	0.027°C	0.048°C
ON*	0.011°C	0.017°C	0.027°C

10 $k\Omega$ Thermistor

A/D Filter	0 to 30°C	30 to 60°C	60 to 90°C	90 to 115°C
OFF	0.015°C	0.024°C	0.034°C	0.059°C
ON*	0.013°C	0.016°C	0.021°C	0.032°C